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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,269	02/26/2004	Bobby Gene Miller	MILL 2676	9401
7812	7590	06/17/2009		
SMITH-HILL AND BEDELL, P.C.			EXAMINER	
16100 NW CORNELL ROAD, SUITE 220			HAUTH, GALEN H	
BEAVERTON, OR 97006				
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1791	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/17/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/789,269	Applicant(s) MILLER, BOBBY GENE
	Examiner GALEN HAUTH	Art Unit 1791

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If no period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED. (35 U.S.C. § 133).

Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 September 2008.

2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1 and 6-9 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1 and 6-9 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/146/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
 6) Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

3. Claims 1 and 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takagi (Pub No 2003/0025235).
 - a. With regards to claim 1, Takagi teaches a method for tilt up concrete casting (¶ 0002) where a concrete slab is coated with a release agent (¶ 0002) and a rustication strip is applied to the slab using adhesive (¶ 0021). Takagi does not teach application of the adhesive to both the release coated slab and the rustication strip, but it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply adhesive to the strip, the slab, or both as doing so is a result effective variable in that more application of adhesive

results in increased adhesion of the two surfaces. Takagi teaches pouring concrete over the panel and curing the concrete (¶ 0025).

b. With regards to claim 6, Takagi does not teach the application of release agent to the reveal strip, but does teach the importance of proper release of the rustication from the formed panel (¶ 0003) and that casting surfaces are coated with release agent (¶ 0002), thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply a release coat to the reveal strip to improve release ability of the strip from the formed concrete.

c. With regards to claim 7, Takagi teaches a method for tilt up concrete casting (¶ 0002) where a concrete slab is coated with a release agent (¶ 0002) and a rustication strip is applied to the slab using adhesive (¶ 0021). Takagi does not teach application of the adhesive to both the release coated slab and the rustication strip, but it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply adhesive to the strip, the slab, or both as doing so is a result effective variable in that more application of adhesive results in increased adhesion of the two surfaces. Takagi teaches pouring concrete over the panel and curing the concrete (¶ 0025).

d. With regards to claim 8, Takagi teaches a tilt up process (¶ 0002) in which the rustication is adhered to the slab (¶ 0021).

e. With regards to claim 9, Takagi does not teach the application of release agent to the reveal strip, but does teach the importance of proper release of the rustication from the formed panel (¶ 0003) and that casting surfaces are coated

with release agent (¶ 0002), thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply a release coat to the reveal strip to improve release ability of the strip from the formed concrete.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 6-9 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to GALEN HAUTH whose telephone number is (571)270-5516. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday 8:30am-5:00pm ET.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Johnson can be reached on (571)272-1176. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/GHH/

/Christina Johnson/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1791